

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

OB2571x is an excellent primary side regulation controller with CC/CV operation for medium level power AC/DC charger and adapter applications. The device integrates an internal power MOSFET and operates in QR mode to provide high efficiency along with several functions of built-in protections. It removes the need for secondary feedback circuitry to lower the total bill of material cost. Proprietary Constant Voltage (CV) and Constant Current (CC) control is integrated as shown in the figure below.

In CV control, the controller changes the mode of operation according to load condition. At full loading, the controller operates in quasi-resonant (QR) mode in the universal line voltage. The primary side regulation power supplies up to high power without the efficiency limitation of DCM or audible noise.

In CC control, OB2571x samples the Vcs peak current and the demagnetization pulse to regulation the output current. The current and output power setting can be adjusted externally by the sense resistor Rs at CS pin.

OB2571x offers comprehensive protection coverage with auto-recovery feature including Cycle-by-Cycle current limiting, VDD OVP, OLP, SCP, OTP etc.

OB2571x consumes less than 75mW input power at no- load condition with high line voltage.

OB2571x is offered in SOP8 package.

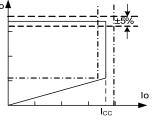


Figure.1. Typical CC/CV Curve

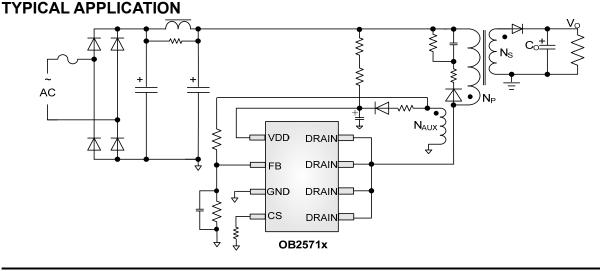
FEATURES

- Primary-side sensing and regulation operates in QR mode without TL431 and opto-coupler
- High precision constant voltage and current regulation at universal AC input
- Programmable CV and CC regulation
- Integrated power MOSFET
- Good dynamic response
- Built-in line compensation for tight CC regulation
- Built-in fixed cable compensation
- Built-in primary winding inductance compensation
- Built-in control loop compensation
- Built-in leading edge blanking (LEB)
- Ultra low start-up current and low operating current
- Comprehensive protection coverage with auto-recovery
 - VDD over voltage protection (VDD OVP)
 - VDD under voltage lockout with hysteresis (UVLO)
 - Cycle-by-cycle current limiting
 - Feedback open loop protection (OLP)
 - Output short circuit protection (SCP)

APPLICATIONS

Medium level Power AC/DC offline SMPS for

- Cell phone charger
- Tablet PC
- AC/DC adapter
- Set-top box power supplies

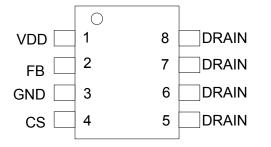




GENERAL INFORMATION

Pin Configuration

The pin map is shown as below for SOP8.



Ordering Information

| Part Number | Description |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| OB2571RCP-H | SOP8, Halogen-free in Tube |
| OB2571RCPA-H | SOP8, Halogen-free in T&R |
| OB2571TCP | SOP8, Halogen-free in Tube |
| OB2571TCPA | SOP8, Halogen-free in T&R |

Package Dissipation Rating

| Package | RθJA (℃/W) |
|---------|------------|
| SOP8 | 150 |

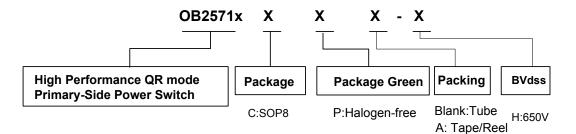
Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Value | |
|---|---------------|--|
| VDD Voltage | -0.3 to 30V | |
| FB Input Voltage | -0.3 to 7V | |
| RT Input Voltage | -0.3 to 7V | |
| CS Input Voltage | -0.3 to 7V | |
| GATE Input Voltage | -0.3 to 24V | |
| Min/Max Operating Junction Temperature T _J | -40 to 150 ℃ | |
| Operating Ambient Temperature T _A | -20 to 85 ℃ | |
| Min/Max Storage Temperature T _{stq} | -55 to 150 ℃ | |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10secs) | 260 °C | |

Note: Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Recommended Operating Condition

| Symbol | Parameter | Range |
|--------|--------------------|----------|
| VDD | VDD Supply Voltage | 9 to 25V |



Marking Information

| YWWZZZ | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| OB2571RCP | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| S | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Y:Year Code WW:Week Code(01-52) ZZZ:Lot Code C:SOP8 Package P:Halogen-free Package S:Internal Code(Optional)



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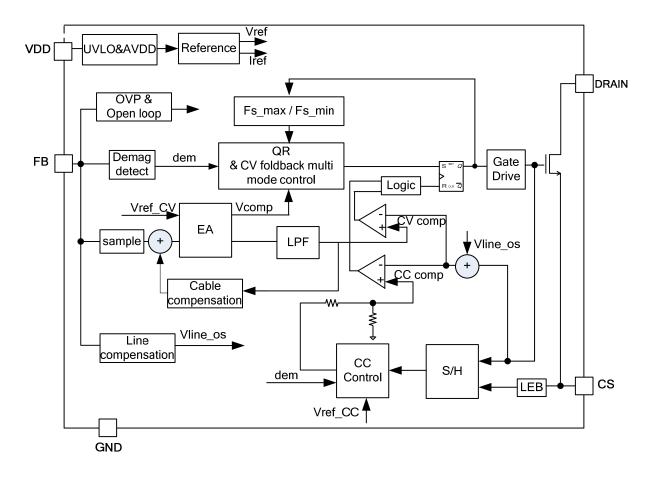


TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS

| Pin Num | Pin Name | I/O | Description |
|---------|----------|-----|--|
| 1 | VDD | Р | Power Supply |
| 2 | FB | I | The voltage feedback from auxiliary winding. Connected to resistor divider from auxiliary winding reflecting output voltage. |
| 3 | GND | Р | Ground |
| 4 | CS | I | Current sense input. Connect a sense resistor from this pin to ground. |
| 5,6,7,8 | DRAIN | 0 | Internal MOSFET DRAIN output |



BLOCK DIAGRAM





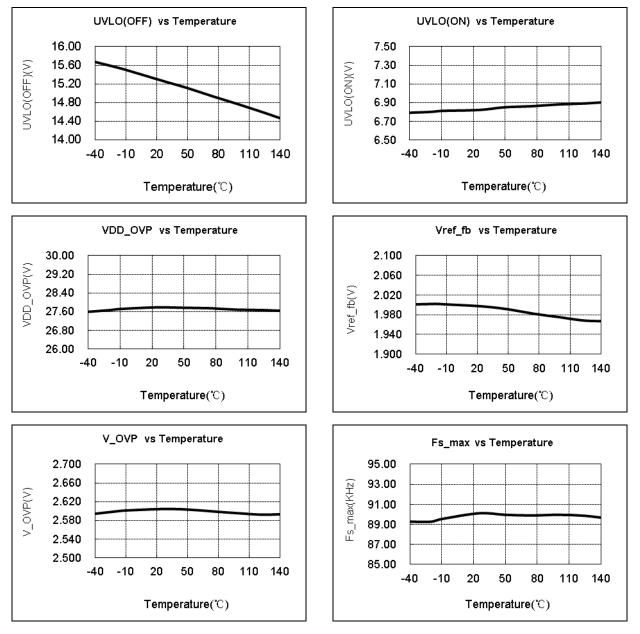
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(TA = 25° C, VDD=18V, if not otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| Supply Voltage (| Supply Voltage (VDD) Section | | | | | | | |
| I start-up | Start up current | VDD=UVLO_OFF-1V | | 5 | 15 | uA | | |
| I standy | Standby current | | | 0.22 | 0.30 | mA | | |
| lop_s | Operating current | FB=1V, gate no load. | | 1.5 | 2.0 | mA | | |
| UVLO(OFF) | VDD under voltage lockout exit | | 13.8 | 15.4 | 16.6 | V | | |
| UVLO(ON) | VDD under voltage lockout enter | | 6.5 | 7 | 7.5 | V | | |
| VDD_OVP | VDD over voltage protection | | 26 | 28 | 30 | V | | |
| Current Sense In | put Section | | | | | | | |
| TLEB | LEB time | | | 325 | | ns | | |
| TD_OC | OCP propagation delay | | | 100 | | ns | | |
| Vth_ocp_max | Maximum over current threshold | | | 800 | | mV | | |
| Vcs_dpfm | DPFM mode Minimum CS threshold | | | 175 | | mV | | |
| FB Input Section | | | | | | | | |
| Vref_fb | Reference voltage for feedback threshold | | 1.98 | 2 | 2.02 | V | | |
| V_OVP | Output Over voltage threshold | | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | V | | |
| ∆cable_max/Vout | An Anthe Maximum cable compensation to | | | 2 | | % | | |
| | Vout ratio | OB2571R | | 6 | | % | | |
| CC Loop Section | l | | - | | 1 | 1 | | |
| Vref_cc | CC loop reference | | 329 | 335 | 341 | mV | | |
| Gm | CC loop integrator transconductance | | | 1 | | us | | |
| Timer Section | | | | · | | | | |
| Fs_max | CV QR maximum frequency | | 85 | 90 | 95 | KHz | | |
| Internal OVP temperature Section | | | | | | | | |
| OTP_int_enter | internal OTP enter temperature | | | 150 | | °C | | |
| OTP_int_exit | internal OTP exit temperature | | | 130 | | °C | | |
| MOSFET Section | | | | | | | | |
| BVdss | Mosfet Drain-Source | OB2571T | 600 | | | V | | |
| 2,000 | Breakdown Voltage | OB2571R | 650 | | | V | | |
| Rdson | Static drain to source on | OB2571T | | 2 | | Ω | | |
| | resistance | OB2571R | | 3.5 | | Ω | | |



CHARACTERIZATION PLOTS





OPERATION DESCRIPTION

OB2571x is an excellent integrated multi-mode (see Figure 2) PWM controller optimized for off-line middle power AC/DC applications. It operates in quasi-resonant mode (QR) to provide high efficiency with primary side sensing and regulation thus provides cost effective solution for energy efficient power supplies.

At full loading, the IC operates in QR mode in the universal line input voltage. In this way, high efficiency in the universal input range at full loading can be achieved.

At normal load condition, it operates in QR mode. To minimize switching loss, the maximum switching frequency in QR mode is internally limited to 90 KHz (typical). When the load goes low, it operates in PFM mode with valley switching for high power conversion efficiency. When the load is very small, the IC switch frequency can be reduced to 1KHz to minimize the standby power loss. As a result, high conversion efficiency can be achieved in the whole loading range.

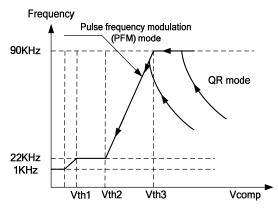


Figure 2 Multi-mode operation diagram Proprietary built-in CV and CC control can achieve high precision CC/CV control meeting most charger application requirements.

Startup Current and Start Up Control

Startup current of OB2571x is designed to be very low so that VDD could be charged up above UVLO threshold level and device starts up quickly. A large value startup resistor can therefore be used to minimize the power loss yet achieve a reliable startup in application.

Operating Current

The Operating current of OB2571x is as low as around 220uA @ no load mode. Good efficiency and less than 75mW standby power is achieved with the low operating current.

CV Mode Operation

OB2571x is designed to produce good CC/CV control characteristic as shown in the Figure. 1.

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In charger applications, a discharged battery charging starts in the CC portion of the curve until it is nearly full charged and smoothly switches to operate in CV portion of the curve. The CC portion provides output current limiting. In CV operation, the output voltage is regulated through the primary side control. In CC operation mode, OB2571x will regulate the output current constant regardless of the output voltage drop.

Principle of Operation

With OB2571x proprietary CC/CV control, system can be designed in QR/DCM mode for flyback system (Refer to the Typical Application Diagram in page1).

In the flyback converter, the output voltage can be sensed via the auxiliary winding. During MOSFET turn-on time, the load current is supplied from the output filter capacitor and the current in the primary winding ramps up. When MOSFET turns off, the energy stored in the primary winding is transferred to the secondary side and the current in the secondary winding is

$$I_{S} = \frac{N_{P}}{N_{S}} \cdot I_{P} \tag{1}$$

The auxiliary winding voltage reflects the output voltage as shown in Figure.3 and it is given by

$$V_{AUX} = \frac{N_{AUX}}{N_s} \cdot (V_o + \Delta V)$$
(2)

Where ΔV indicates the voltage drop of the output Diode.

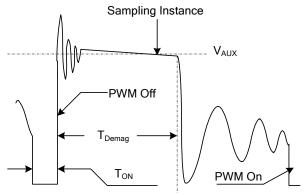


Figure.3. Auxiliary winding voltage waveform

Via a resistor divider connected between the auxiliary winding and FB PIN, the auxiliary winding voltage is sampled at the middle of the de-magnetization and it is hold until the next sampling. The sampled voltage is compared with reference voltage Vref (typical 2.0V) and the difference is amplified. The error amplifier output reflects the load condition and controls the switching off time to regulate the output voltage, thus constant output voltage can be achieved.

Confidential



CC Mode Operation

OB2571x sample the CS peak and the transformer core demagnetization period to regulate to output current. The primary CS peak is adaptively controlled according to vref_cc and the internal CC comp voltage.

$$I_o = \frac{1}{2} \cdot N \cdot I_{pk} \cdot \frac{T_{demag}}{T_s} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot N \cdot \frac{1}{R_{cs}} \cdot \frac{V_{cs}T_{demag}}{T_s}$$
(3)

Where lpk is the peak current of primary winding, Tdemag is the transformer core demagnetization period, and Ts, the switch period.

Refer to the equation 3, Regulating the lpk can achieve the constant output current. The constant output current is independent of the primary

winding inductance. The ratio of
$$rac{V_{cs}T_{demag}}{T}$$
 will

be modulated equal to vref_cc which is 0.335V. Then

Io can be determined by

$$I_o = \frac{1}{2} \cdot N \cdot \frac{1}{R_{cs}} \cdot \frac{V_{cs} T_{demag}}{T_s} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot N \cdot \frac{vref_cc}{R_{cs}}$$
(4)

Adjustable CC Point and Output Power

In OB2571x, the CC point and maximum output power can be externally adjusted by external current sense resistor Rs at CS pin as illustrated in the typical application diagram. The larger the Rs is, the smaller CC point is, and the smaller output power becomes, and vice versa as shown in Figure.4.

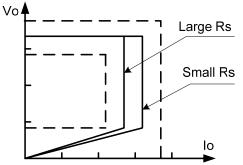


Figure.4. Adjustable output power by changing Rs

CC Line Voltage Compensation

The variation of maximum output current in CC mode can be rather large at high input voltage (such as 264Vac) if no compensation is provided. The CC threshold value is self adjusted higher at higher AC voltage due to CC propagation delay. In OB2571x, the AC line voltage information is sampled through detecting FB sourcing current when gate turns on, and the AC line voltage information is added to the CS pin voltage. So the maximum CS threshold voltage Vcs_max in

OB2571x is a function of the CC threshold and AC line voltage information as shown in Figure5.

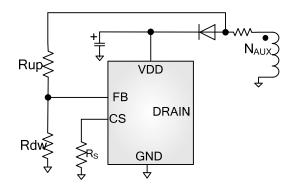


Figure.5. CC line voltage compensation The maximum CS threshold voltage Vcs_max is given by

$$Vcs _ \max = Vth _ cc - \frac{1}{M} \cdot \frac{Naux}{Np} \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot Vac \cdot \frac{Ros}{Rup}$$
(5)

Where Vth_cc a threshold determined by internal CC comp voltage, M is the FB current mirror ratio(M=150), Naux/Np is the auxiliary winding to primary winding turns ratio, Vac is the effective voltage of input voltage, Ros is the internal line compensation offset resistor(Ros=3.45Kohm), Rup is the external FB PIN up side resistor.

Current Sensing and Leading Edge Blanking

Cycle-by-Cycle current limiting is offered in OB2571x. The switch current is detected by a sense resistor into the CS pin. An internal leading edge blanking circuit chops off the sensed voltage spike at initial power MOSFET on state so that the external RC filtering on sense input is no longer needed.

Internal Over Temperature Protection with GATE Shutdown

The internal OTP circuit of OB2571x is triggered and only shuts down the internal MOSFET when the chip temperature rises above 150° C, and the internal MOSFET will resume switching after the chip temperature falls below 130° C.

Protection Control

Good power supply system reliability is achieved with its rich protection features including Cycle-by-Cycle current limiting, Output over voltage protection, VDD over voltage protection, short circuit protection, Under Voltage Lockout on VDD.

VDD is supplied by transformer auxiliary winding output after startup. The output of OB2571x is shut down when VDD drops below UVLO (ON) and the power converter enters power on start-up sequence thereafter.



PCB Layout Consideration

The following rules should be followed in OB2571x PCB Layout:

The Area of Power Loop: The area of the main current loop should be as small as possible to reduce EMI radiation, such as the primary current loop, the snubber circuit and the secondary rectifying loop (Red wire as shows in Fig.6). Drain pin increases the copper area of the drain terminal for heat dissipation (Green region as shows in Fig.7). And the PCB trace must be wide and short for thermal consideration.

Bypass Capacitor and FB Divider Resistor: The

bypass capacitor on VDD and the FB divider resistor should be placed as close as possible to pin out. And the negative node of VDD capacitor and the FB down resistor should be connected directly to the IC GND pin before single point connected to the negative node of the output capacitor. (Blue wire as shows in Fig.6)

Ground Path: The GND path of the input power loop and IC controller path should be separated and connected at the negative terminal of input capacitor by single point, such as power sense resistor, the negative of the auxiliary winding and the IC GND. (White region as shows in Fig.7)

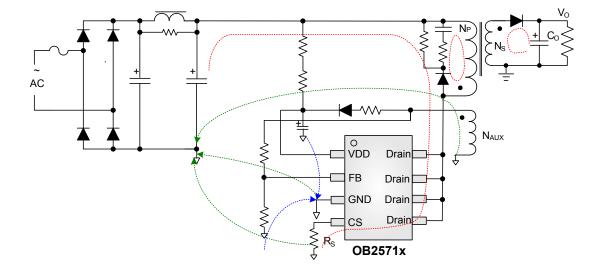


Fig.6 Flyback Schematic with OB2571x

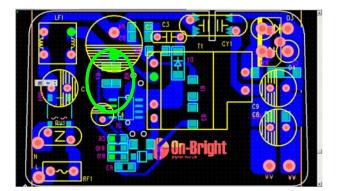
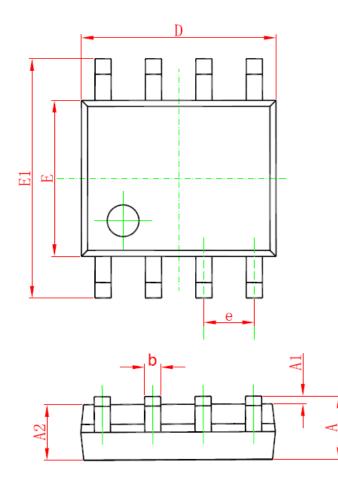


Fig.7 Recommend PCB Layout of OB2571x



PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

SOP8 PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



| ſ | |
|---|--|
| | |
| | |
| L | |

| Symbol | Dimensions I | n Millimeters | Dimensions In Inches | | |
|--------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|-------|--|
| Symbol | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| A | 1.350 | 1.750 | 0.053 | 0.069 | |
| A1 | 0.050 | 0.250 | 0.002 | 0.010 | |
| A2 | 1.250 | 1.650 | 0.049 | 0.065 | |
| b | 0.310 | 0.510 | 0.012 | 0.020 | |
| С | 0.100 | 0.250 | 0.004 | 0.010 | |
| D | 4.700 | 5.150 | 0.185 | 0.203 | |
| E | 3.800 | 4.000 | 0.150 | 0.157 | |
| E1 | 5.800 | 6.200 | 0.228 | 0.244 | |
| е | 1.270 (BSC) | | 0.050 | (BSC) | |
| L | 0.400 | 1.270 | 0.016 | 0.050 | |
| θ | 0° | 8° | 0° | 8° | |



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